



SURVEY OUTCOME

Three-Year Accreditation

CARF
Survey Report
for

Community Mental
Health Services of
Muskegon County

CARF INTERNATIONAL

4891 East Grant Road
Tucson, AZ 85712 USA
Toll-free/TTY 888 281 6531 ■ Fax 520 318 1129
www.carf.org

CARF-CCAC

1730 Rhode Island Avenue, NW, Suite 209
Washington, DC 20036 USA
Toll-free 866 888 1122 ■ Fax 202 587 5009
www.carf.org/aging

CARF CANADA

10665 Jasper Avenue, Suite 1400A
Edmonton, Alberta T5J 3S9 Canada
Tel 780 429 2538 ■ Fax 780 426 7274
www.carfcanada.ca

Organization

Community Mental Health Services of Muskegon County
376 East Apple Avenue
Muskegon, MI 49442

Organizational Leadership

Susan M. Savoie, Quality Manager
John C. North, Executive Director

Survey Dates

June 8-10, 2009

Survey Team

George V. Staub, M.S., LISAC, MAC, Administrative Surveyor
Charlotte E. Walker, BCD, Program Surveyor
Dorothy Freeman-Clinkscales, Program Surveyor

Programs/Services Surveyed

Assertive Community Treatment: Integrated: AOD/MH (Adults)
Case Management/Services Coordination: Mental Health (Adults)
Case Management/Services Coordination: Mental Health (Children and Adolescents)
Community Housing: Mental Health (Adults)
Community Integration: Mental Health (Adults)
Crisis Intervention: Mental Health (Adults)
Crisis Intervention: Mental Health (Children and Adolescents)
Crisis Stabilization: Mental Health (Adults)
Intensive Family-Based Services: Mental Health (Children and Adolescents)
Outpatient Treatment: Mental Health (Adults)
Outpatient Treatment: Mental Health (Children and Adolescents)

Previous Survey

May 15-17, 2006
Three-Year Accreditation



Survey Outcome

Three-Year Accreditation
Expiration: May 2012

SURVEY SUMMARY

Community Mental Health Services of Muskegon County has strength in many areas.

- There is a strong sense of vision and purpose within the organization.
- The staff members are strongly committed and demonstrate longevity of service.
- The organization provides a broad range of comprehensive services throughout the community and enhances its accessibility by providing numerous consumer options and peer support.
- The facility is warm and welcoming. Offices and other areas evidence warm, personal decorations.
- Residences are clean, are well kept, and provide a homelike environment.
- The staff members are highly trained, dedicated, and motivated.
- Persons served speak highly of the respect they receive and the quality of services provided by the entire organization.
- There is strong evidence of teamwork, cooperation, and open communication throughout the organization.
- The programs are extremely thorough and well organized.
- Community agencies report high levels of satisfaction with the organization's networking and collaboration.
- The board of directors is heavily invested and supportive of the organization's future and the continuing board role in the organization's development.

In the following areas Community Mental Health Services of Muskegon County demonstrates exemplary conformance to the standards.

- Community Mental Health Services of Muskegon County is commended for its extensive public information education plan. This outreach includes a speakers' bureau designed to increase public awareness of mental health issues and reducing distortions.
- The organization is commended for its excellent use of technology to enhance individual services and to improve the productivity and efficiency of personnel. The organization has used all areas of technology, including Netsmart University, for staff development and training. Its entire records, both clinical and administrative; its policies and procedures; and its human resource records are all on its software. It is an outstanding example of what is possible with the proper technology.

Community Mental Health Services of Muskegon County should seek improvement in the areas identified by the recommendations in the report. Consultation given does not indicate nonconformance to standards but is offered as a suggestion for further quality improvement.

On balance, Community Mental Health Services of Muskegon County is an extremely well-managed organization. It continues to perform at a high level of conformance to the CARF standards. Administration is well respected and sought out for its vision of services to persons served. The organization appears financially solvent and is keenly aware of its mandate to continually seek out additional revenue streams. The organization is encouraged to address the opportunities for improvement noted in this report.

Community Mental Health Services of Muskegon County has earned a Three-Year Accreditation. The organization is complimented on this achievement, and it is encouraged to continue to use the CARF standards for quality improvement.

SECTION 1. ASPIRE TO EXCELLENCE®

A. Leadership

Principle Statement

CARF-accredited organizations identify leadership that embraces the values of accountability and responsibility to the individual organization's stated mission. The leadership demonstrates corporate social responsibility.

Key Areas Addressed

- Leadership structure
 - Leadership guidance
 - Commitment to diversity
 - Corporate responsibility
 - Corporate compliance
-

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

Exemplary Conformance

A.9.b.

Community Mental Health Services of Muskegon County is commended on its extensive public information education plan. This outreach includes a speakers' bureau designed to increase public awareness of mental health issues and reducing distortions.

Consultation

- It is suggested that the administration place notification of its approval of the organization's policy and procedures by simply adding a signed approval letter to the front of the policy and procedures manual.
-

C. Strategic Integrated Planning

Principle Statement

CARF-accredited organizations establish a foundation for success through strategic planning focused on taking advantage of strengths and opportunities and addressing weaknesses and threats.

Key Areas Addressed

- Strategic planning considers stakeholder expectation and environmental impacts
 - Written strategic plan sets goals
 - Plan is implemented, shared, and kept relevant
-

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

D. Input from Persons Served and Other Stakeholders

Principle Statement

CARF-accredited organizations continually focus on the expectations of the persons served and other stakeholders. The standards in this subsection direct the organization's focus to soliciting, collecting, analyzing, and using input from all stakeholders to create services that meet or exceed the expectations of the persons served, the community, and other stakeholders.

Key Areas Addressed

- Ongoing collection of information from a variety of sources
 - Analysis and integration into business practices
 - Leadership response to information collected
-

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

E. Legal Requirements

Principle Statement

CARF-accredited organizations comply with all the legal and regulatory requirements of federal, state, provincial, county, and city entities.

Key Areas Addressed

- Compliance with all legal/regulatory requirements
-

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

F. Financial Planning and Management

Principle Statement

CARF-accredited organizations strive to be financially responsible and solvent, conducting fiscal management in a manner that supports their mission, values, and annual performance objectives. Fiscal practices adhere to established accounting principles and business practices. Fiscal management covers daily operational cost management and incorporates plans for long-term solvency.

Key Areas Addressed

- Budget(s) prepared, shared, and reflective of strategic planning
 - Financial results reported/compared to budgeted performance
 - Organization review
 - Fiscal policies and procedures
 - Review of service billing records and fee structure
 - Financial review/audit
 - Safeguarding funds of persons served
-

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

G. Risk Management

Principle Statement

CARF-accredited organizations engage in a coordinated set of activities designed to control threats to its people, property, income, goodwill, and ability to accomplish goals.

Key Areas Addressed

- Written risk management plan
 - Adequate insurance coverage
-

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

H. Health and Safety

Principle Statement

CARF-accredited organizations maintain healthy, safe, and clean environments that support quality services and minimize risk of harm to persons served, personnel, and other stakeholders.

Key Areas Addressed

- Inspections
 - Emergency procedures
 - Access to emergency first aid
 - Competency of personnel in safety procedures
 - Reporting/reviewing critical incidents
 - Infection control
-

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

I. Human Resources

Principle Statement

CARF-accredited organizations demonstrate that they value their human resources. It should be evident that personnel are involved and engaged in the success of the organization and the persons they serve.

Key Areas Addressed

- Adequate staffing
 - Verification of background/credentials
 - Recruitment/retention efforts
 - Personnel skills/characteristics
 - Annual review of job descriptions/performance
 - Policies regarding students/volunteers, if applicable
-

Recommendations

I.5.a.

Job descriptions should be reviewed and/or revised annually. Community Mental Health Services of Muskegon County could add evidence to the job descriptions that they are reviewed and/or updated annually and place them in each personnel file.

I.6.a. through I.6.f.

Because students or volunteers are used by the organization, the organization should ensure a signed agreement; identification of duties, scope of responsibility, and supervision; orientation and training; assessment of performance; policies and written procedures for dismissal; and confidentiality policies.

J. Technology

Principle Statement

CARF-accredited organizations plan for the use of technology to support and advance effective and efficient service and business practices.

Key Areas Addressed

- Written technology and system plan
-

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

Exemplary Conformance

J.3.a.

J.3.b.

Community Mental Health Services of Muskegon County is commended for its excellent use of technology to enhance individual services and to improve the productivity and efficiency of personnel. The organization has used all areas of technology, including Netsmart University, for staff development and training. Its entire records, both clinical and administrative; its policies and procedures; and its human resource records are all on its software. It is an outstanding example of what is possible with the proper technology.

K. Rights of Persons Served

Principle Statement

CARF-accredited organizations protect and promote the rights of the persons served. This commitment guides the delivery of services and ongoing interactions with the persons served.

Key Areas Addressed

- Communication of rights
 - Policies that promote rights
 - Complaint, grievance, and appeals policy
 - Annual review of complaints
-

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

L. Accessibility

Principle Statement

CARF-accredited organizations promote accessibility and the removal of barriers for the persons served and other stakeholders.

Key Areas Addressed

- Written accessibility plan(s)
 - Status report regarding removal of identified barriers
 - Requests for reasonable accommodations
-

Recommendations

L.2.a.(3) through L.2.c.

Although Community Mental Health Services of Muskegon County has developed plans for accessibility issues, it is urged to implement a comprehensive written action plan for accessibility that also addresses financial; employment; communication; transportation; community integration; and any other barriers identified by the persons served, personnel, and other stakeholders. The accessibility plan should also identify time lines and actions for the removal of identified barriers.

M. Information Measurement and Management

Principle Statement

CARF-accredited organizations are committed to continually improving their organizations and service delivery to the persons served. Data are collected and information is used to manage and improve service delivery.

Key Areas Addressed

- Information collection, use, and management
 - Setting and measuring performance indicators
-

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

N. Performance Improvement

Principle Statement

The dynamic nature of continuous improvement in a CARF-accredited organization sets it apart from other organizations providing similar services. CARF-accredited organizations share and provide the persons served and other interested stakeholders with ongoing information about their actual performance as a business entity and their ability to achieve optimal outcomes for the persons served through their programs and services.

Key Areas Addressed

- Proactive performance improvement
 - Performance information shared with all stakeholders
-

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

SECTION 2. GENERAL PROGRAM STANDARDS

Principle Statement

For an organization to achieve quality services, the persons served are active participants in the planning, prioritization, implementation, and ongoing evaluation of the services offered. A commitment to quality and the involvement of the persons served span the entire time that the persons served are involved with the organization. The service planning process is individualized, establishing goals and objectives that incorporate the unique strengths, needs, abilities, and preferences of the persons served. The persons served have the opportunity to transition easily through a system of care.

A. Program Structure and Staffing

Principle Statement

A fundamental responsibility of the organization is to provide a comprehensive program structure. The staffing is designed to maximize opportunities for the persons served to obtain and participate in the services provided.

Key Areas Addressed

- Written program plan
 - Crisis intervention provided
 - Medical consultation
 - Services relevant to diversity
 - Assistance with advocacy and support groups
 - Team composition/duties
 - Relevant education
 - Clinical supervision
 - Family participation encouraged
-

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

B. Screening and Access to Services

Principle Statement

The process of screening and assessment is designed to maximize opportunities for the persons served to gain access to the organization's programs and services. Each person served is actively involved in, and has a significant role in, the assessment process. Assessments are conducted in a manner that identifies the strengths, needs, abilities, and preferences of each person served. Assessment data may be gathered through various means, including face-to-face contact, telepsychiatry, or from external resources.

Key Areas Addressed

- Screening process described in policies and procedures
- Ineligibility for services
- Admission criteria

- Orientation information provided regarding rights, grievances, services, fees, etc.
 - Waiting list
 - Primary and ongoing assessments
 - Reassessments
-

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

C. Individual Plan

Principle Statement

Each person served is actively involved in and has a significant role in the individual planning process and has a major role in determining the direction of his or her individual plan. The individual plan contains goals and objectives that incorporate the unique strengths, needs, abilities, and preferences of the person served, as well as identified challenges and problems. Planning is consumer directed and person centered.

Key Areas Addressed

- Development of individual plan
 - Co-occurring disabilities/disorders
 - Individual plan goals and objectives
 - Designated person coordinates services
-

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

D. Transition/Discharge

Principle Statement

Transition, continuing care, or discharge planning assists the persons served to move from one level of care to another within the organization or to obtain services that are needed but are not available within the organization. The transition process is planned with the active participation of each

person served. Transition may include planned discharge, placement on inactive status, movement to a different level of service or intensity of contact, or a re-entry program in a criminal justice system.

The transition plan is a clinical document that includes information about the person's progress in recovery and describes the completion of goals and the efficacy of services provided. It is prepared to ensure a seamless transition to another level of care, another component of care, or an after care program.

A discharge summary, identifying reasons for discharge, is completed when the person leaves services for any reason (planned discharge, against medical advice, no show, infringement of program rules, etc.).

Just as the assessment is critical to the success of treatment, the transition services are critical for the support of the individual's ongoing recovery or well-being. The organization proactively attempts to contact the persons served after formal transition or discharge to gather needed information related to their postdischarge status. Discharge information is reviewed to determine the effectiveness of its services and whether additional services were needed.

The transition plan and/or discharge summary may be included in a combined document as long as it is clear whether the information relates to a transition or discharge planning.

Key Areas Addressed

- Referral or transition to other services
 - Active participation of persons served
 - Transition planning at earliest point
 - Unplanned discharge referrals
 - Plan addresses strengths, needs, abilities, preferences
 - Follow-up for persons discharged for aggressiveness
-

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

E. Pharmacotherapy

Principle Statement

Pharmacotherapy is the practice of evaluating, prescribing, dispensing, and/or administering medications to persons served in response to specific symptoms, behaviors, and conditions for which the use of medications is indicated and efficacious. Pharmacotherapy may be provided by

personnel of the organization or under contract with a licensed individual. Medication use is directed toward maximizing the functioning of the persons served while reducing their specific symptoms and minimizing the impact of side effects.

Pharmacotherapy includes all prescribed medications, whereas medication monitoring includes prescribed medications and over-the-counter medications.

Key Areas Addressed

- Individual records of medication
 - Physician review
 - Policies and procedures for prescribing, dispensing, and administering medications
 - Training regarding medications
 - Policies and procedures for safe handling of medication
-

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

F. Seclusion and Restraint

Principle Statement

Programs strive to avoid the use of seclusion and restraint, and only resort to using either intervention as a last recourse to de-escalate aggressive or life-threatening behavior toward self or others. Seclusion refers to restriction of the person served to a segregated room with the person's freedom to leave physically restricted. Voluntary time-out is not considered seclusion, even though the voluntary time-out may occur in response to verbal direction; the person served is considered in seclusion if freedom to leave the segregated room is denied.

Restraint is the use of physical, mechanical, or other means to temporarily subdue an individual or otherwise limit a person's freedom of movement. It is used when there is an immediate risk of harm to self or others, and it is determined as the only means to de-escalate the threatening behavior. Briefly holding a person served, without undue force, for the purpose of comforting him or her or to prevent self-injurious behavior, or holding a person's hand or arm to safely escort him or her from one area to another, is not a restraint. Emergency intervention procedures are limited to the use of physical holds.

Seclusion or restraint by trained and competent personnel is used only when other less restrictive measures have been found to be ineffective to protect the person served or others from injury or serious harm. Peer restraint is not considered an acceptable alternative to restraint by personnel. Seclusion or restraint is not used as a means of coercion, discipline, convenience, or retaliation.

In a correctional setting, the use of seclusion or restraint for purposes that are not in response to the behavioral health needs of the person served are not considered seclusion or restraint under these standards. Security doors designed to prevent accidental elopement or wandering are not considered seclusion or restraint. Security measures, such as the use of handcuffs, instituted by law enforcement personnel who are not personnel of the organization being surveyed, are not subjected to these standards.

Key Areas Addressed

- Emergency intervention procedures
 - Patterns of use reviewed
 - Policies and procedures for use of seclusion and restraint
 - Persons trained in use
 - Designated room
-

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

G. Records of the Persons Served

Principle Statement

A complete and accurate record is developed to ensure that all appropriate individuals have access to relevant clinical and other information regarding each person served.

Key Areas Addressed

- Confidentiality
 - Time frames for entries to records
 - Individual record requirements
 - Duplicate records
-

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

H. Quality Records Review

Principle Statement

The organization has systems and procedures that provide for the ongoing monitoring of the quality, appropriateness, and utilization of the services provided. This is largely accomplished through a systematic review of the records of the persons served. The review assists the organization in improving the quality of services provided to each person served.

Key Areas Addressed

- Quarterly professional review
 - Review current and closed records
 - Items addressed in quarterly review
 - Use of information to improve quality of services
-

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

MENTAL HEALTH

Core programs in this field category are designed to provide services for persons with or who are at risk for psychiatric disabilities/disorders or have other mental health needs. These programs encompass a wide variety of therapeutic settings and intervention modalities. Core programs in this field category may also provide services to persons with co-occurring disabilities/disorders, such as mental illness and a developmental disability.

SECTION 3. BEHAVIORAL HEALTH CORE PROGRAM STANDARDS

Principle Statement

The standards in this section address the unique characteristics of each type of core program area. Behavioral health programs are organized and designed to provide services for persons who have or who are at risk of having psychiatric disorders, harmful involvement with alcohol or other drugs, or other addictions or who have other behavioral health needs. Through a team approach, and with the active and ongoing participation of the persons served, the overall goal of each program is to improve the quality of life and the functional abilities of the persons served. Each program selected for accreditation demonstrates cultural competency and relevance. Family members and significant others are involved in the programs of the persons served as appropriate and to the extent possible.

C. Case Management/Services Coordination

Principle Statement

Case management/services coordination programs provide goal-oriented and individualized supports focusing on improved self-sufficiency for the persons served through assessment, planning, linkage, advocacy, coordination, and monitoring activities. Successful service coordination results in community opportunities and increased independence for the persons served. Programs may provide occasional supportive counseling and crisis intervention services, when allowed by regulatory or funding authorities.

Case management/services coordination may be provided by an organization as part of its individual service planning and delivery, by a department or division within the organization that works with individuals who are internal and/or external to the organization, or by an organization with the sole purpose of providing case management/services coordination. Such programs are typically provided by qualified case managers/coordinators or by case management teams.

Organizations performing case management/services coordination as a routine function of other services or programs are not required to apply these standards unless they are specifically seeking accreditation for this program.

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

D. Community Housing

Principle Statement

Community housing addresses the desires, goals, strengths, abilities, needs, health, safety, and life span issues of the persons served, regardless of the home in which they live and/or the scope, duration, and intensity of the services they receive. The residences in which services are provided may be owned, rented, leased or operated directly by the organization, or a third party, such as a governmental entity. Providers exercise control over these sites.

Community housing is provided in partnership with individuals. These services are designed to assist the persons served to achieve success in and satisfaction with community living. They may be temporary or long term in nature. The services are focused on home and community integration and engagement in productive activities. Community housing enhances the independence, dignity, personal choice, and privacy of the persons served. For persons in alcohol and other drug programs, these services are focused on providing sober living environments to increase the likelihood of sobriety and abstinence and to decrease the potential for relapse.

Community housing programs may be referred to as halfway houses, three-quarter way houses, recovery residences, sober housing, domestic violence or homeless shelters, safe houses, group homes, or supervised independent living. These programs may be located in rural or urban settings and in houses, apartments, townhouses, or other residential settings owned, rented, leased, or operated by the organization. They may include congregate living facilities and clustered

homes/apartments in multiple-unit settings. These residences are often physically integrated into the community, and every effort is made to ensure that they approximate other homes in their neighborhoods in terms of size and number of residents.

Community housing may include either or both of the following:

- Transitional living that provides interim supports and services for persons who are at risk of institutional placement, persons transitioning from institutional settings, or persons who are homeless. Transitional living is typically provided for 6 to 12 months and can be offered in congregate settings that may be larger than residences typically found in the community.
- Long-term housing that provides stable, supported community living or assists the persons served to obtain and maintain safe, affordable, accessible, and stable housing.

The residences at which community housing services are provided must be identified in the intent to survey. These sites will be visited during the survey process and identified in the survey report and accreditation outcome as a site at which the organization provides a Community Housing program.

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

E. Community Integration

Principle Statement

Community integration is designed to help persons to optimize their personal, social, and vocational competency in order to live successfully in the community. Activities are determined by the needs of the persons served. The persons served are active partners in all aspects of these programs. Therefore, the settings can be informal in order to reduce barriers between staff members and program participants. A psychosocial clubhouse, a drop-in center, an activity center, and a day program are examples of community integration services.

Community integration provides opportunities for the community participation of the persons served. The organization defines the scope of these services based on the identified needs and desires of the persons served. A person may participate in a variety of community life experiences that may include, but are not limited to:

- Leisure or recreational activities.
- Communication activities.
- Spiritual activities.
- Cultural activities.
- Vocational pursuits.
- Development of work attitudes.

- Employment activities.
 - Volunteerism.
 - Educational and training activities.
 - Development of living skills.
 - Health and wellness promotion.
 - Orientation, mobility, and destination training.
 - Access and utilization of public transportation.
-

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

G. Crisis Intervention

Principle Statement

Crisis intervention programs offer services aimed at the assessment and immediate stabilization of acute symptoms of mental illness, alcohol and other drug abuse, and emotional distress or in response to acts of domestic violence or abuse/neglect. Crisis intervention services consist of mobile response, walk-in centers, or other means of face-to-face assessments and telephone interventions.

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

H. Crisis Stabilization

Principle Statement

Crisis stabilization programs are organized and staffed to provide the availability of overnight residential services 24 hours a day, 7 days a week for a limited duration to stabilize acute psychiatric or behavioral symptoms, evaluate treatment needs, and develop plans to meet the needs of the persons served. Often, crisis stabilization programs are used as a preemptive measure to deter unnecessary inpatient hospitalization.

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

O. Intensive Family-Based Services

Principle Statement

These intensive services are provided in a supportive and interactive manner and directed toward maintaining or restoring a positive family relationship. The services are time limited and are initially intensive, based on the needs of the family. The services demonstrate a multisystemic approach to treatment and have a goal of keeping families together. The services may include wraparound and family preservation programs. The program may also provide services directed toward family restoration when a child has been in an out-of-home placement.

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

R. Outpatient Treatment

Principle Statement

Outpatient treatment programs provide services that include, but are not limited to, individual, group, and family counseling and education on recovery and wellness. These programs offer comprehensive, coordinated, and defined services that may vary in level of intensity. Outpatient programs may address a variety of needs, including, but not limited to, situational stressors; family

relations; interpersonal relationships; mental health issues; life span issues; psychiatric illnesses; addictions (such as alcohol or other drugs, gambling, and Internet); eating or sexual disorders; and the needs of victims of abuse, domestic violence, or other trauma.

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

INTEGRATED AOD/MENTAL HEALTH

Core programs in this field category are designed to provide a combination of alcohol and other drugs/addictions and mental health services. This may include services provided in a psychosocial format. Services may be provided through a seamless system of care for individuals with needs in one or both areas or for persons with the identified co-occurring disorders.

SECTION 3. BEHAVIORAL HEALTH CORE PROGRAM STANDARDS

Principle Statement

The standards in this section address the unique characteristics of each type of core program area. Behavioral health programs are organized and designed to provide services for persons who have or who are at risk of having psychiatric disorders, harmful involvement with alcohol or other drugs, or other addictions or who have other behavioral health needs. Through a team approach, and with the active and ongoing participation of the persons served, the overall goal of each program is to improve the quality of life and the functional abilities of the persons served. Each program selected for accreditation demonstrates cultural competency and relevance. Family members and significant others are involved in the programs of the persons served as appropriate and to the extent possible.

A. Assertive Community Treatment

Principle Statement

Assertive community treatment (ACT) is a multidisciplinary team approach that assumes responsibility for directly providing acute, active, and ongoing community-based psychiatric treatment, assertive outreach, rehabilitation, and support. The program team provides assistance to individuals to maximize their recovery, ensure consumer-directed goal setting, assist the persons served to gain hope and a sense of empowerment, and provide assistance in helping the persons served become respected and valued members of their community. The program provides psychosocial services directed primarily to adults with severe and persistent mental illness who often have co-occurring problems, such as substance abuse, or are homeless or involved with the judicial system.

The team is the single point of clinical responsibility and is accountable for assisting the person served to meet his or her needs and to achieve his or her goals for recovery. Multiple members of the team are familiar with each person served to ensure the timely and continuous provision of services. Services are provided on a long-term care basis with continuity of caregivers over time. The majority of services are provided directly by ACT team members, with minimal referral to outside providers, in the natural environment of the person served and are available 24 hours a day, 7 days per week. Services are comprehensive and highly individualized and are modified as needed through an ongoing assessment and treatment planning process. Services vary in intensity based on the needs of the persons served.

ACT has been identified as an effective model for providing community-based services for persons whose needs and goals have not been met through traditional office-based treatment and rehabilitation services. Desired outcomes specific to ACT services may include positive change in the following areas: community tenure, independent living, quality of life, consumer satisfaction of the person served, functioning in work and social domains, community integration, psychological condition, subjective well-being, and the ability to manage his or her own healthcare.

In certain geographic areas, ACT programs may be called community support programs, intensive community treatment programs, mobile community treatment teams, or assertive outreach teams.

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

SECTION 4. BEHAVIORAL HEALTH SPECIFIC POPULATION DESIGNATION STANDARDS

A. Children and Adolescents

Case Management/Services Coordination: Mental Health

Crisis Intervention: Mental Health

Intensive Family-Based Services: Mental Health

Outpatient Treatment: Mental Health

Principle Statement

Programs for children and adolescents consist of an array of behavioral health services designed specifically to address the treatment needs of children and adolescents. Such programs tailor their services to the particular needs and preferences of children and adolescents and are provided in a setting that is both relevant to and comfortable for this population.

Recommendations

A.1.h.

It is recommended that the organization expand the assessment information for children and adolescents to include immunization records.

PROGRAMS/SERVICES BY LOCATION

Community Mental Health Services of Muskegon County

376 East Apple Avenue
Muskegon, MI 49442

Case Management/Services Coordination: Mental Health (Adults)
Case Management/Services Coordination: Mental Health (Children and Adolescents)

Youth Services

1611 Oak Street
Muskegon, MI 49442

Case Management/Services Coordination: Mental Health (Children and Adolescents)
Intensive Family-Based Services: Mental Health (Children and Adolescents)
Outpatient Treatment: Mental Health (Children and Adolescents)

County Mental Health Center

125 East Southern Avenue
Muskegon, MI 49442

Case Management/Services Coordination: Mental Health (Adults)
Crisis Intervention: Mental Health (Adults)
Crisis Intervention: Mental Health (Children and Adolescents)
Outpatient Treatment: Mental Health (Adults)

ACT/Directions/Clubhouse

1470 Peck Street
Muskegon, MI 49441

Assertive Community Treatment: Integrated: AOD/MH (Adults)
Community Integration: Mental Health (Adults)

Brinks Residence

155 East Apple Avenue
Muskegon, MI 49442

Crisis Stabilization: Mental Health (Adults)

Indian Bay Residence

8770 Indian Bay Road
Montague, MI 49442

Community Housing: Mental Health (Adults)